Fron County Register

R. D. AKE, EDITOR

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ONLY twenty-three days? AND still the "Pocket States" ar balloting for Senators. Tho' little.

NUMBER 32

they're pugnacious. THE Illinois Legislature has passe a bill repealing the law compelling attendance in the public schools of that State. A long step on the return to freedom and individual sovereignty.

BEN DEERING, we see, is at the Capitol, engineering the passage of a proposed new dramshop law. This isn't the first time we have known Ben to sacrifice his immediate family interests to his desire for the welfare of all creation. Self-immolating Ben!

"PIEDMONT." said an acquaintance and resident of that town, the other day, "Piedmont owns the two stingiest men in Southeast Missouri." Without stopping to discuss that question, we don't hesitate to assert that that town also contains some of the est of the other kind of men in the State. We speak

THE Scott County Newsboy is about to be, or has been, sued for libel by Revs. Kendall, "Arkansaw Bob," and others, whom that paper has been talking about. They deny "each and every allegation" contained in the editorials referred to, and say the editor must prove his assertions or suffer the consequences. We shall note the court proceedings and give our readers the conclusions reached by them.

be composed of twenty-seven statesmen whose names it would be superfluous to insert here, since they have been published oft and oft, from time to time, in the daily press. The d. p., be it said in passing, made all the selections, thus relieving Mr. Cleveland of certainly one of the most grevious burdens attached to his great office. But, then, bless you! it's no burden what- to be "the servants of the people;" as ever to the d. p.

PRESIDENT HARRISON last week appointed a Tennessee State's Rights Democrat to the vacant seat in the Supreme Court. The appointee was made a Federal Circuit Judge during Cleveland's administration, and is said to be fully qualified for the position to which penditure of the public funds for any Mr. Harrison has exalted him. It is cause. said that the President, in compensation, will appoint Warner Miller to the vacunt Circuit Judgeship, who, in turn, will make Carter Harrison, the President's brother, clerk of his court. But this may be mere newspaper talk.

A BILL to exempt from assessment and taxation such property as is mortgaged, to the amount of the mortgage, has been introduced into the legislature; but, as this would knock out about all the taxes raised upon railroads, a provision of the bill is to exempt corporations from the effect of the proposed law. This won't do, gentlemen! No law for taxation is just which is not general, and even a railroad has rights which the State are bound to respect. The legislature need not depart from the broad plane of justice to even up matters between the people and the

THERE is a well defined and rapidly growing public sentiment against further drainage of the treasury in behalf of the Columbia University and the Normals. We can assure every Representative-outside the counties directly benefitted by the absorption of the money extracted from the tax-payers—that he will be blessed, not cursed, by his constituents, if he vote "No!" on every appropriation asked on behalf of these institutions. Let these schools support themselves; if they will not consent to do this, then private enterprise, not taxed to aid its comepetitors, will quickly supply their places.

THE Rolls School of Mines - how quickly a pap-sucker learns to be greedy!-would like to absorb the Geological Survey appropriation, and to this end considerable interested opposition to the Survey has developed at the State Capitol this winter. The REGIS-TER believes that the State too frequently meddles with matters that do not, or ought not concern it, and expends its revenues on projects that should be left to private enterprise and individual exertion; but the Geological Survey to not one of them, in the stricter sense. Even if it were, there could be this pleaded in behalf of the appropriation arked for to enable it to conclude its work: is not an ever-enduring instion, and with the completion of its work, will pass away, and be known in the expenses of the State no more. Its here, too, is the whole State, and its of more nearly universal utilany of the other "progressive" for which money is asked. the survey is well nigh comand to refuse the appropriation y to conclude its labors would a great measure to waste the which has already been expenda Geological Survey have rocced to complete the work for The University Appropriation

I am one of many who agree with the editor of the REGISTER, in being opposed tooth and toe-nail-to further appropriations of the people's money-by yet inknown thousands of dollars—to the State University.

It seems to me, that of all the 'cheeky" things that have lately been perpetrated, the most contemptibly selfish, is the act of Prof. Jesse and his auxiliaries, of the State University, in asking for an appropriation of \$300,000 | Special Offer to Readers of This Paper this year, after the exceedingly liberal appropriation they received last year.

This is strong language, but it is fully warranted by the facts in the case, especially so, when we consider that one of the expedients proposed for increasing the available funds of the State is that of reducing the appropriations for the public schools, from one-third to one-fourth of the public revenue. It seems that the University officials are as willing to fatten at the expense of the NEWs half a week earlier than it the public schools as they were last can be had from any weekly paper, year. The rebate of taxes paid by the while its Literary, Agricultural. Wom-U. S. Government last year to the State of Missouri, belonged, in all justice, to

her tax-payers, out of whose pockets said taxes were extracted; and it should by all means have been placed where it would have benefited most of themfrom personal knowledge and experi- to the credit of the public school fund.

> the golden egg." For it is absolutely THE REPUBLIC, St. Louis, Mo. true, in financial as well as other affairs, that "one extreme will follow the other." I, for one, doubt not that many of

those who favored the enormous appropriation to the University, at the last session of the Legislature, were greatly influenced by the anticipation of the feast prepared for them by the citizens and school officials of Columbia. Per-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND's Cablnet will haps the same trap, baited by the same or a similar inducement, will again catch an excessive apropriation.

If the present Legislature is as prod igal in the expenditure of State funds as the last one was, it is to be hoped that those who favor such prodigality by their votes, will have abundant reason to repent having done so.

The members of the Legislature claim such they are bound by their oaths, to do their utmost to advance the best interests of their constituents—to labor unremittingly for "the greatest good for the greatest number.'

I trust that our Representative will agreably surprise the tax-payers of his county by opposing extravagant ex-R. ERBSCHLOE. Goodwater, Mo., February 1st, 1893.

The Official Majorities.

The official vote for President is an interesting study, as it presents novel features entirely unknown in all past contests. As between Harrison and Cleveland the majorities give a misleading conception of the popular vote, as Cleveland received no votes in Colorado, Idaho, Kansas and North Dakota, and in these States Harrison's majority over Cleveland is just the vote polled for him. The following are the majorities in the several States on the distinct Cleveland and Harrison vote:

	CLEVELAND. States. Maj. Alabama 28,941		HARRISON.	
1	States.	Maj.	States.	Maj
H	Alabama	28,941	Colorado	38.62
d	Arkansas	40,860	Idaho	8.59
1	California	147	lows	23.42
ij	Connecticut	5,363	Kansas	157.24
ď	Delaware	504	Maine	14.83
ã		30,121	Massachusetts .	26,06
ò	Georgia	81,081	Michigant	20,41
7	Illinois	26,993	Minnesota	21,90
6	Indiana	7,125	Montana	1,27
9	Kentucky	40,020	Nebra-kat	62,28
٩	Louisiana	61,488	Nevadat	2,09
9	Maryland	21,130	N. Hampshire.	3,57
9	Mississippi	38,831	North Dakota.	17.61
ă	Missouri	41,480	Op10	1,07
Į	New York	14,930	Oregon;	20,75
۱	New Tork	40,449	Pennsylvania	68,74
ij	North Carolina	32,933	Knode Island	2,68
5	South Carolina	41,019	South Dakotal.	20,80
9	Tennessee	00,110	Vermont	21.03
8	Texas	50.797	Washington	0,01
1	West Vissisia	4 174	w yoming	0,40
1	West Virginia . Wisconsin	2,119	Motel	E 40 010
ŝ	A INCOURTE	0,400	10tal	040,012
	Total	18,145		
ı			ed no votes in	+1-
9	"Cleveland	receiv	ed no votes in	TH OSE

States. 1The bulk of Democratic vote in these States cast for Weaver. Michigan's vote was divided by Dis-

The States carried by Weaver are all in the Harrison column of majorities,

In Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, North C Dakota and Wyoming, the whole Democratic vote was cast for the Weaver Electoral ticket, so that Harrison's majorities over Cleveland in those States is the full vote he received. In Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon and South Dakota the larger portion of the Democratic vote was cast for the Weaver ticket. In Louisiana, Mississippi and Nevada the most of the Republican votes were cast for a fusion Weaver ticket, and in Flordia all the Republican votes polled were given to such a ticket. Harrison's largest majorities came chiefly from Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, North Dakota and Nevada, all of which gave Electoral votes to Weaver, and only one of the divided vote of North Dakots to Har-

Cleveland carried 23 of the 44 States by an aggregate majority of 918,145 over Harrison. Harrison carried the Electoral votes of 14 States entire; and received one vote in California and North Dakota and three of the four in Oregon. His popular majority over Cleveland in all the States which voted

for Harrison and Weaver is 548,612. making Cleveland's popular majority on the face of the returns over Harrison 369,533; but had Cleveland received the full Cleveland vote cast in the Western States and Harrison the full Republican vote cast in the South. Cleveland's majority over Harrison would be about 550,000 .- Philadelphia

THE ST. LOUIS REPUBLIC FREE Good only during January and Febru

ary, 1893. The "Twice-a-Week" St. Louis Re public, will be sent free for one year to any person sending, before March 1, 1893, a club of three NEW yearly subscribers, with three dollars to pay for the same. The Republic goes every where, and is the most popular paper published in America. Its readers get en's and other departments are unsurpassed. It fills the wants of every member of the family, and should be read in every household. You can get three new subscribers for it, by a few minutes' effort. Try it, at once, and see how easily it can be done. If you If the University people are not care- wish a package of sample copies, write ful they will—as has been done by oth- for them. Cut out this advertisement er interests-"kill the goose that lays and send with your order. Address

> Your rheumatism may be bad; we will admit it to be very bad, and that you have expended a great deal of money for medicines and treatment without receiving much benefit; but remember that others have suffered even more, and yet been permanently cured. No case of rheumatism can be so bad that Chamberlain's Pain Balm will not ease the pain and help it, and hundreds of cases that had long been regarded as incurable have yielded to the soothing effects of this great Remedy. The prompt relief from pain is alone worth many times its cost. 50 cent bottles for sale by P. R. Brisp.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was Child, she cried for Castoria. When she becan se Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had mildren, she gave them Castoria

COUGHING LEADS TO CONSUMP-TION. Kemp's Balsam stops th

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE BEST COUCH-CURE and anodyne expectorant,

AYER'S **Cherry Pectoral** soothes the

inflamed membrane and induces sleep. Prompt to Act

sure to cure.

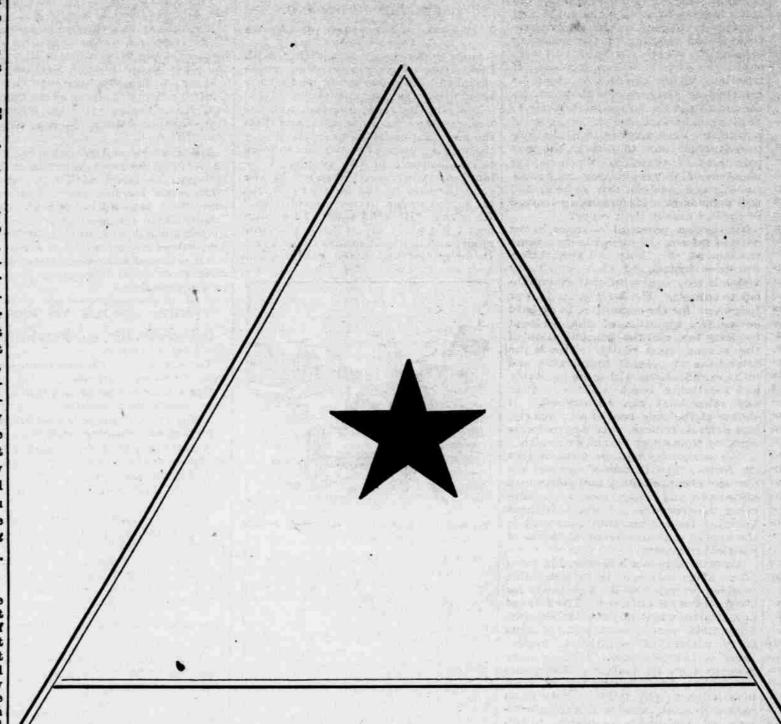




Stray Notice.

Taken up by Henry Billiter and posted before J. B. Hampton, a Justice of the Peace in Union Township, of Iron county, Missouri, on the 2d day of January, 1893, the following described property: a certain yellow (horse) pony, supposed to be five or six years old, with white spot in the forehead, branded on the left thigh an I appraised at the sum of fifteen (\$15) dollars, by

J. L. ELDRIDGE,
Appraisors. EUGENE HICKMAN,)



Reduction — Sale

From now until March 1st, we will make BIG REDUCTIONS in.

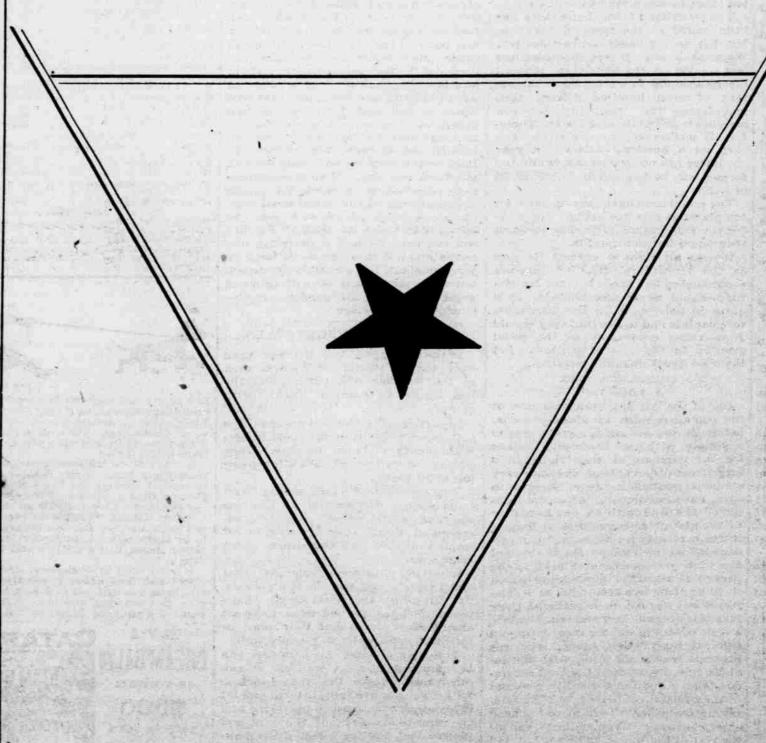
All Winter Goods,

in order to Close Our our Winter Stock, as we do not believe in carrying Goods over, from one year to another. Remember! "Re
of which is to obtain a double of matrimony here between said plaintiff and the grounds of desertion.

And unless she be another the court of said county of Iron, and State the courthouse in said duction" means

A BIG CUT.

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Undertaking & Embalming A SPECIALTY. North Main St., Ironton, Mo.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION. In the Circuit Court of Iron county, Mo., in Vacation—Jan'y 31st, 1893.

this notice be published in some newspaper published in said county of Iron, for four weeks prior to the next term of this court.

A true copy. Attest:

[SEAL] FRANZ DINGER,

Judge of Probate and Ex-Officio Clerk.

Final Settlement.

Notice to Bond-Holders.

IRONTON, Mo., Nov. 19th, 1892. The holder of Bond No. 9, for \$100, bearing interest at six per cent. per annum, issued in 1886, by Star of the West Lodge, No. 188, A. F. & A. M., will present the same to the und ed for payment on or before February 1st, 1893. After that date, interest on same will cease to be paid.

W. T. GAT, Treasurer. By order of the Lodge.